

Medical Assistance Administration



Home Infusion Therapy/ Parenteral Nutrition Program

Billing Instructions (Formerly known as Infusion/Enteral/Parenteral) [WAC 388-553]

October 2003

About this publication

This publication supersedes all previous Infusion/Enteral/Parenteral Billing Instructions and Numbered Memoranda 01-42 MAA, 02-06 MAA, and 02-53 MAA.

Published by the Medical Assistance Administration Washington State Department of Social and Health Services October 2003

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Important Contacts

A provider may use MAA's toll-free lines for questions regarding its program. However, MAA's response is based solely on the information provided to MAA's representative at the time of inquiry, and in no way exempts a provider from following the laws and rules that govern MAA's programs. (WAC 388-502-0020(2)).

Where do I call for information on becoming a DSHS provider, submitting a change of address or ownership, or to ask questions about the status of a provider application?

Call the toll-free line: (866) 545-0544

Where do I send my claims?

Division of Program Support PO Box 9247 Olympia WA 98507-9247

Where do I send my request for a limitation extension and/or prior authorization?

Follow the instructions listed in the *Authorization* section in these billing instructions and fax/write to:

(360) 586-1471 FAX

Division of Medical Management Home Infusion Therapy/Parenteral Nutrition Program Manager PO Box 45506 Olympia, WA 98506-5506

Who do I contact if I have questions on...

Payments, denials, general questions regarding claims processing, Healthy Options?

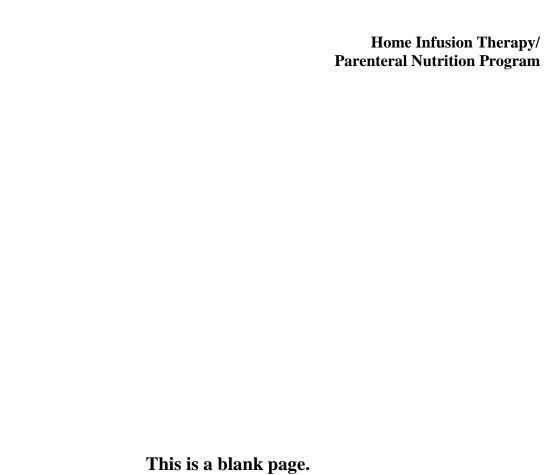
Medical Assistance Customer Service Center (800) 562-6188

Private insurance or third party liability, other than Healthy Options?

Division of Client Support Coordination of Benefits Section PO Box 45565 Olympia, WA 98504-5565 (800) 562-6136

How do I obtain copies of billing instructions or numbered memoranda?

Check out MAA's web site at: http://maa.dshs.wa.gov, Provider Publications/Fee Schedules link.



Definitions

This section defines terms and acronyms used throughout these billing instructions.

Authorization – MAA official approval for action taken for, or on behalf of, an eligible Medical Assistance client. This approval is only valid if the client is eligible on the date of service.

By Report (BR) – A method of reimbursement for covered items, procedures, and services for which the department has no set maximum allowable fees. MAA may require the provider to submit a written report to determine reimbursement. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Client – An individual who has been determined eligible to receive medical or health care services under any MAA program. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) – Rules adopted by the federal government. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Community Services Office (CSO) - An office of the department's Economic Services Administration (ESA) that administers social and health services at the community level. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Core Provider Agreement - The basic contract between MAA and an entity providing services to eligible clients. The Core Provider Agreement outlines and defines terms of participation in medical assistance programs. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Department - The state Department of Social and Health Services [DSHS]. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Disposable Supplies - Supplies that may be used once, or more than once, but cannot be used for an extended period of time.

[WAC 388-500-0005]

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Equipment that:

- (a) Can withstand repeated use;
- (b) Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
- (c) Generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury; and
- (d) Is appropriate for use in the client's place of residence.

[WAC 388-500-0005]

Duration of Therapy - The estimated span of time that therapy will be needed for a medical problem. [WAC 388-553-200]

Emergency medical services – Medical services required by and provided to a patient experiencing an emergency medical condition. [WAC 388-500-0005

Episode - A continuous period of treatment regardless of the number of therapies involved.

Explanation of Benefits (EOB) – A coded message on the medical assistance Remittance and Status Report that gives detailed information about the claim associated with that report.

[WAC 388-500-0005]

Explanation of Medicare Benefits (**EOMB**) – A federal report generated for

Medicare providers displaying transaction information regarding Medicare claims processing and payments.

Home Health Agency - An agency or organization certified under Medicare to provide comprehensive health care on a part-time or intermittent basis to a patient in the patient's place of residence.
[WAC 388-551-2010]

Hyperalimentation – See "Parenteral Nutrition." [WAC 388-553-200]

Infusion Therapy – The provision of therapeutic agents or nutritional products to individuals by parenteral infusion for the purpose of improving or sustaining a client's health. [WAC 388-553-200]

Infusion Therapy Provider - An entity or individual who has been authorized by MAA to provide equipment and supplies for parenteral administration of therapeutic agents to medical assistance clients.

Intradialytic Parenteral Nutrition (IDPN) Intravenous nutrition administered during hemodialysis. IDPN is a form of parenteral nutrition. [WAC 388-553-200]

Internal Control Number (ICN) - A 17-digit number that appears on your *Remittance and Status Report* by the client's name. Each claim is assigned an ICN when it is received by MAA. The number identifies that claim throughout the claim's history. [WAC 388-553-200]

Limitation Extension – A process for requesting reimbursement for covered services whose proposed quantity, frequency, or intensity exceeds that which MAA routinely reimburses. Limitation extensions require prior authorization.
[WAC 388-500-0005]

Managed Care - A prepaid comprehensive system of medical and health care delivery including preventive, primary, specialty, and ancillary health services.

[WAC 388-538-050]

Maximum Allowable - The maximum dollar amount MAA will reimburse a provider for a specific service, supply, or piece of equipment. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Medicaid - The state and federally funded Title XIX program under which medical care is provided to persons eligible for the categorically needy program (CNP) or medically needy program (MNP).

[WAC 388-500-0005]

Medical Assistance Administration

(MAA) - The administration within DSHS authorized by the secretary to administer the acute care portion of Title XIX Medicaid, Title XXI state-children's health insurance program (S-CHIP), Title XVI, and the state-funded medical care programs, with the exception of certain non-medical services for persons with chronic disabilities.

Medical Consultant - A physician employed by the department. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Medically Necessary - A term for describing requested service which is reasonably calculated to prevent, diagnose, correct, cure, alleviate or prevent worsening of conditions in the client that endanger life, or cause suffering or pain, or result in an illness or infirmity, or threaten to cause or aggravate a handicap, or cause physical deformity or malfunction. There is no other equally effective, more conservative or substantially less costly course of treatment available or suitable for the client requesting the service. For the purpose of this section, "course of treatment" may include mere observation or, where appropriate, no treatment at all. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Medical Nutrition – The use of medical nutritionals (formulas) alone, or in combination with traditional food, when a client is unable to consume enough traditional food to meet their nutritional requirements. Medical nutritionals can be given orally or via feeding tubes.

[WAC 388-553-200]

Medicare - The federal government health insurance program, for certain aged or disabled clients under Titles II and XVIII of the Social Security Act. Medicare has two parts:

- "Part A" covers the Medicare inpatient hospital, post-hospital skilled nursing facility care, home health services, and hospice care.
- "Part B" is the supplementary medical insurance benefit (SMIB) covering the Medicare doctor's services, outpatient hospital care, outpatient physical therapy and speech pathology services, home health care, and other health services and supplies not covered under Part A of Medicare. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Nonreusable Supplies – Disposable supplies, which are used once and discarded. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Parenteral Infusion – The introduction of a substance by means other than the gastrointestinal tract, referring particularly to the introduction of substances by intravenous, subcutaneous, intramuscular or intramedullary means. [WAC 388-553-200]

Parenteral Nutrition:

Parenteral Nutrition or Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) or Hyperalimentation – The provision of nutritional requirements intravenously. [WAC 388-553-200]

Patient Identification Code (PIC) - An alphanumeric code that is assigned to each MAA client consisting of:

- First and middle initials (or a dash (-) must be entered if the middle initial is not indicated).
- Six-digit birthdate, consisting of numerals only (MMDDYY).
- First five letters of the last name (and spaces if the name is fewer than five letters).
- Alpha or numeric character (tiebreaker).

Permanent Impairment – An impairment that is more than three months in duration. [WAC 388-553-200]

Plan of Treatment or Plan of Care – The written plan of care for a patient which includes, but is not limited to, the physician's order for treatment and visits by the disciplines involved, the certification period, medications, and rationale indicating need for services. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Prior Authorization – A process by which clients or providers must request and receive MAA approval for certain medical services, equipment, drugs, and supplies, based on medical necessity, before the services are provided to clients, as a precondition for provider reimbursement. Expedited prior authorization and limitation extensions are forms of prior authorization.

[WAC 388-500-0005]

Prior Authorization Number – An identification number issued to provider who have a signed contract(s) with MAA. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Provider - Any person or organization that has a signed contract or core provider agreement with DSHS to provide services to eligible clients. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Provider Number – An identification number issued to providers who have signed contract(s) with MAA.

[WAC 388-500-0005]

Purchase Only (P.O.) - A type of purchase used only when either the cost of the item makes purchasing it more cost effective than renting it, or it is a personal item, such as a ventilator mask, appropriate only for a single user.

Remittance And Status Report (RA) - A report produced by MMIS, MAA's claims processing system, that provides detailed information concerning submitted claims and other financial transactions.

[WAC 388-500-0005]

Rental - A monthly or daily rental fee paid for equipment.

Revised Code of Washington (RCW) - Washington state laws.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) - An institution or part of an institution that is primarily engaged in providing:

- Skilled nursing care and related services for residents who require medical or nursing care;
- Rehabilitation services for injured, disabled or sick clients;
- Health-related care and services to individuals who, because of their mental or physical conditions, require care which can only be provided through institutional facilities

and which is not primarily for the care and treatment of mental diseases. (See Section 1919(a) of the Federal Social Security Act for specific requirements.)

Third Party - Any entity that is, or may be, liable to pay all or part of the medical cost of care of a federal Medicaid or state medical program client. [WAC 388-500-0005]

Title XIX - The portion of the federal Social Security Act that authorizes grants to states for medical assistance programs. Title XIX is also called Medicaid.

[WAC 388-500-0005]

Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) – See "Parenteral Nutrition." [WAC 388-553-200]

Usual & Customary Fee – The fee that the provider typically charges the general public for the product or service.

[WAC 388-500-0005]

Washington Administrative Code (WAC)

- Codified rules of the State of Washington.

About the Program

What is the purpose of the Home Infusion Therapy/ Parenteral Nutrition Program?

[Refer to WAC 388-553-100]

The purpose of the Home Infusion Therapy/Parenteral Nutrition program is to reimburse eligible providers for the supplies and equipment necessary for parenteral infusion of therapeutic agents to medical assistance clients. An eligible client receives this service in a qualified setting to improve or sustain the client's health.

MAA's Home Infusion Therapy/Parenteral Nutrition program covers:

- Parenteral nutrition [also known as total parenteral nutrition (TPN)]; and
- Home infusion supplies and equipment.

Who is eligible to provide home infusion supplies and equipment and parenteral nutrition solutions?

[Refer to WAC 388-553-400(1)]

Eligible providers of home infusion supplies and equipment and parenteral nutrition solutions must:

- Have a signed Core Provider Agreement with MAA; and
- Be one of the following provider types:
 - ✓ Pharmacy provider;
 - ✓ Durable medical equipment (DME) provider; or
 - ✓ Infusion therapy provider.

What are the requirements for reimbursement?

[Refer to WAC 388-553-400(2)]

MAA pays eligible providers for home infusion supplies and equipment and parenteral nutrition solutions only when the providers:

- Are able to provide home infusion therapy within their scope of practice;
- Have evaluated each client in collaboration with the client's physician, pharmacist, or nurse to determine whether home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition is an appropriate course of action;
- Have determined that the therapies prescribed and the client's needs for care can be safely met;
- Have assessed the client and obtained a written physician order for all solutions and medications administered to the client in the client's residence or in a dialysis center through intravenous, epidural, subcutaneous, or intrathecal routes; and
- Meet the requirements in WAC 388-502-0020, including keeping legible, accurate and complete client charts, and providing the documentation in the client's medical file as listed on pages F.6 and F.7 of this billing instruction.

In order to bill for home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition, MAA must first assign you an infusion therapy provider number. See the *Important Contacts* section for information on applying for an Infusion Therapy provider number.

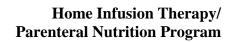
Federally-Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs), Physicians, and Physician Clinics may provide home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition services in a physician's office or physician clinic unless the client resides in a nursing facility. Use the appropriate procedure codes from MAA's Physicians-Related Services (RBRVS) Billing Instructions when billing for services.

Nursing Facilities: Some services and supplies necessary for the administration of infusion are included in the facility's per diem reimbursement for each client. See the Home Infusion Therapy/Parenteral Nutrition Fee Schedule (Section E) to identify procedure codes that are included in the nursing facility per diem reimbursement. Parenteral nutrition and pumps are not included in the nursing facility per diem reimbursement. [Refer to WAC 388-553-500(3)]

Outpatient Hospital Providers may provide infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition and bill using revenue codes. See MAA's <u>Outpatient Hospital Billing Instructions</u>.

Clients in a State-Owned Facility: Home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition for MAA clients in state-owned facilities (state school, developmental disabilities [DD] facilities, mental health facilities, Western and Eastern state hospitals) are purchased by the facilities through a contract with manufacturers. MAA does not reimburse separately for supplies and equipment for these clients. [Refer to WAC 388-553-500(2)]

Clients who have Elected MAA's Hospice Benefit: MAA pays for home infusion/parenteral nutrition separate from the hospice per diem only when the reason for the infusion therapy is completely unrelated to the terminal diagnosis that qualifies the client for the hospice benefit. If billing on a HCFA-1500 claim form, you must enter a "K" indicator in field 19 to identify that the infusion therapy services were unrelated to the terminal diagnosis.



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Client Eligibility

Who is eligible?

[Refer to WAC 388-553-300(1)]

Clients presenting DSHS Medical Identification cards with the following identifiers are eligible for home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition:

Medical Program Identifier	Medical Program Name
CNP	Categorically Needy Program
CNP-CHIP	CNP-Children's Health Insurance Program
GA-U No Out of State Care	General Assistance – Unemployable
LCP-MNP	Limited Casualty Program –
	Medically Needy Program

Are clients enrolled in an MAA managed care plan eligible for home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition?

[Refer to WAC 388-553-300(2)]

Yes! Clients who are enrolled in an MAA managed care plan are eligible for Home Infusion Therapy/Parenteral Nutrition. These clients will have an HMO identifier in the HMO column on their DSHS Medical ID cards. Home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition must be requested through the client's Primary Care Provider (PCP) and be billed directly to the client's managed care plan. See the toll-free telephone number listed on the client's DSHS Medical ID card.



Note: Client's enrollment can change monthly. Prior to serving an MAA client enrolled in a managed care plan, you must receive approval from the plan in which the client is currently enrolled. The referral must come from a PCP participating in the plan in which the client is currently enrolled.

Newborns of clients enrolled in managed care plans are the responsibility of the plan in which the mother is enrolled for the first 60 days of life. If the mother changes plans, the baby follows the mother.

Primary Care Case Management

For the client who has chosen to obtain care with a PCCM, the identifier in the HMO column will be "PCCM." These clients must obtain their services through the PCCM. The PCCM is responsible for coordination of care just like the Primary Care Provider would be in a plan setting. Please refer to the client's DSHS Medical ID card for the PCCM.

Coverage

Home Infusion Therapy

All infusion therapy must be medically necessary. The medical necessity for the infusion must be evident in the diagnosis code on the claim. If the diagnosis code does not indicate the medical need for the infusion, MAA may recoup the payment.

When is infusion therapy covered in the home?

[Refer to WAC 388-553-300(3)]

MAA will cover infusion therapy in the home when the client meets the following criteria. The client must:

- (a) Have a written physician order for all solutions and medications to be administered:
- (b) Be able to manage their infusion in one of the following ways:
 - (i) Independently;
 - (ii) With a volunteer caregiver who can manage the infusion; or
 - (iii) By choosing to self-direct the infusion with a paid caregiver (see WAC 388-71-0580).
- (c) Be clinically stable and have a condition that does not warrant hospitalization;
- (d) Agree to comply with the protocol established by the infusion therapy provider for home infusions. If the client is not able to comply, the client's caregiver may comply;
- (e) Consent, if necessary, to receive solutions and medications administered in the home through intravenous, enteral, epidural, subcutaneous, or intrathecal routes. If the client is not able to consent, the client's legal representative may consent; and
- (f) Reside in a residence that has adequate accommodations for administering infusion therapy including:
 - (i) Running water;
 - (ii) Electricity;
 - (iii) Telephone access; and
 - (iv) Receptacles for proper storage and disposal of drugs and drug products or both.

Medical Assistance Administration evaluates a request for home infusion therapy supplies and equipment or parenteral nutrition solutions that are not covered or are in excess of the home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition program's limitations or restrictions, according to WAC 388-501-0165. See page D.2. [WAC 388-553-500]

Parenteral Nutrition

[Refer to WAC 388-553-300(4)]

All parenteral nutrition must be medically necessary. The medical necessity for the product being supplied must be evident in the diagnosis code on the claim. If the diagnosis code does not indicate the medical need for parenteral nutrition, MAA may recoup the payment.

When is Parenteral Nutrition covered?

To receive parenteral nutrition, a client must meet the conditions under Home Infusion Therapy (see page C.1) as follows:

- (a) Have a permanent impairment involving the gastrointestinal tract that prevents oral or enteral intake to meet the client's nutritional needs;
- (b) Require parenteral nutrition because of severity of gastrointestinal tract impairment:
- (c) Be unresponsive to standard medical management; and
- (d) Be unable to maintain weight or strength.

When are Intradialytic Parenteral Nutrition (IDPN) solutions covered?

A client is eligible to receive intradialytic parenteral nutrition (IDPN) solutions when:

- (a) The parenteral nutrition is not solely supplemental to deficiencies caused by dialysis; and
- (b) The client meets the criteria on page C.1 (client eligibility) and items a.-d. above.

When is Parenteral Nutrition <u>NOT</u> covered? [Refer to WAC 388-553-300(5)]

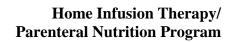
A client who has a functioning gastrointestinal tract is not eligible for home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition program services when the need for parenteral nutrition is only due to:

- (a) A swallowing disorder;
- (b) Temporary gastrointestinal defect;
- (c) A psychological disorder (such as depression) that impairs food intake;
- (d) A cognitive disorder (such as dementia) that impairs food intake;
- (e) A physical disorder (such as cardiac or respiratory disease) that impairs food intake:
- (f) A side effect of medication; or
- (g) Renal failure or dialysis, or both.

What documentation is required to be in the client's medical record and available to MAA upon request when providing parenteral nutrition to Medical Assistance clients?

See page F.6 – Specific to Home Infusion Therapy/Parenteral Nutrition Program.

Medical Assistance Administration evaluates a request for home infusion therapy supplies and equipment or parenteral nutrition solutions that are not covered or are in excess of the home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition program's limitations or restrictions, according to WAC 388-501-0165. See page D.2. [WAC 388-553-500]



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Authorization

Written/fax authorization does not override the client's eligibility or program limitations. Not all categories of eligibility receive all services. For example: Infusion pumps are not covered under the Family Planning Only program.

Written/Fax Authorization

What is written/fax authorization?

Written or fax authorization is a paper authorization process available to providers. It is used for Limitation Extension requests (see below) and for services noted in Washington Administrative Code (WAC) and billing instructions as needing prior authorization.

For the Home Infusion Therapy/Parenteral Nutrition Program, you must obtain written/fax authorization for:

- Miscellaneous parenteral therapy supplies (procedure code B9999). See page E.8 for further details and for the "Justification for use of Miscellaneous Parenteral Supply Procedure Code (B9999) Form" that must accompany your written/fax authorization request; and
- Limitation Extensions (see next page).

How do I obtain written/fax authorization?

Authorization may be obtained by sending a request, along with any required forms, to:

Medical Assistance Administration Division of Medical Management Home Infusion Therapy/Parenteral Nutrition Program PO Box 45506 Olympia, WA 98504-5506 FAX: (360) 586-1471

October 2003 - D.1 - Authorization

Expedited prior authorization (EPA)

What is the EPA process?

MAA's EPA process is designed to eliminate the need to request authorization from MAA. The intent is to establish authorization criteria and identify these criteria with specific codes, enabling providers to create an "EPA" number when appropriate.

When do I need to bill with a 9-digit EPA number?

Expedited prior authorization is required for those procedure codes listed in the Fee Schedule which state "Must bill using EPA code." The 9-digit EPA number listed in the "Description" column next to these procedure codes must also be on the claim.

BILLING: Enter the EPA number (870000XXX) in field 19 (Reserved for

Local Use) on the HCFA-1500 claim form. If you have two or more EPA numbers for the same claim, list them both in field

19.

DO NOT HANDWRITE THE EPA NUMBER ONTO THE

CLAIM. (See "Guidelines for completing the HCFA-1500

claim form.")

Limitation Extension

What is a Limitation Extension?

Limitation extension (LE) is authorization for cases when MAA determines that it is medically necessary to provide more units of service than allowed in MAA's WAC and billing instructions.

How do I get LE authorization?

LE authorization may be obtained by using the written/fax authorization process. See address and fax number on previous page.

Your request must include the following:

- 1. Name of agency and provider number;
- 2. Client's name and PIC number:
- 3. Procedure code and description of supply needed;
- 4. Copy of the original prescription; and
- 5. Explanation of client-specific medical necessity to exceed limitation.

Fee Schedule

Equipment/Supply Limitations

[Refer to WAC 388-553-500(1)]

The home infusion therapy/parenteral nutrition program covers the following for eligible clients, subject to the limitations and restrictions listed:

- Home infusion supplies, limited to one month's supply per client, per calendar month.
- Parenteral nutrition (solutions), limited to one month's supply per client, per calendar month;

Equipment Rental/Purchase Policy

- One type of infusion pump, one type of parenteral pump, and/or one type of insulin pump per client, per calendar month and as follows:
 - ✓ All rent-to-purchase infusion parenteral and/or infusion pumps must be new equipment at the beginning of the rental period;
 - ✓ MAA covers the rental payment for each type of infusion, parenteral, or insulin pump for up to 12 months. (MAA considers a pump purchased after 12 months of rental payment.);
 - ✓ MAA covers only one purchased infusion pump, or parenteral pump, per client in a five-year period;
 - ✓ MAA covers only one purchased insulin pump, per client, in a four-year period.
- The following are considered included in MAA's reimbursement for equipment rentals or purchases:
 - ✓ Instructions to the client and/or caregiver on the safe and proper use of equipment provided;
 - ✓ Full service warranty;
 - ✓ Delivery and pick-up; and
 - ✓ Set-up, fitting, and adjustments.
- If the client becomes ineligible or a change in circumstance occurs during the rental period, MAA will terminate reimbursement at the end of that rental period.
- If the client dies, MAA will prorate monthly rental fees to the date of death.
- MAA does not reimburse providers for a rental and a purchase of any item simultaneously.
- MAA will <u>not</u> reimburse providers for equipment that was supplied to them **at no cost** through suppliers/manufacturers.

		NH	Maximum
Procedure Code	Description	Per Diem?	Allowable

Infusion Therapy Equipment and Supplies

	Reimbursement is limited to a one-month's supply.			
A4220	Refill kit for implantable infusion pump. Limited to 1 kit, per client, per month.	Y	\$25.00	
A4221	Supplies for maintenance of drug infusion catheter, per week; (List drug(s) separately) (includes dressings for the catheter site and flush solutions not directly related to drug infusion). The catheter site may be a peripheral intravenous line, a peripherally inserted central catheter (PICC), a centrally inserted intravenous line with either an external or subcutaneous port, or an epidural catheter.	Y	22.15	
	Procedure code A4221 also includes all cannulas, needles, dressings, and infusion supplies (excluding the insulin reservoir) related to continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion via external insulin infusion pump (E0784). 1 unit = 1 week			
A4222	Supplies for external drug infusion pump, per cassette or bag (List drug(s) separately). Procedure code A4222 includes the cassette or bag, diluting solutions, tubing, and other administration supplies, port cap changes, compounding charges and preparation charges.	Y	43.95	

Antiseptics & Germicides

THIRDEPU	cs & oct miciacs				
 Reimburser 	Reimbursement is limited to a one-month's supply.				
A4244	Alcohol or peroxide, per pint.	Y	\$0.76		
	1 pint per client, per 6 months				
A4245	Alcohol wipes, per box	Y	2.30		
	1 box per client, per month				
A4246	Betadine or phisohex solution, per pint.	Y	3.03		
	1 pint per client, per month				
A4247	Betadine or iodine swabs/wipes, per box of 100.	Y	4.72		
	1 box per client, per month				
E1399	Disinfectant spray, 12 oz.	Y	4.30		
	1 per client, per 6 months				
	Must bill using EPA code 870000869. See page D.2				
	for expedited prior authorization instructions.				

		NH	Maximum
Procedure Code	Description	Per Diem?	Allowable

Intravenous (IV) Poles

- IV poles are purchased once per client, per lifetime.
- Purchased IV poles may not be plastic or disposable.
- Infusion pumps are considered purchased after 12 months' rental.

Modifier is required when billing.

• Modifier is re	quirea when billing.		
E0776-NU	IV pole. Purchase.	Y	\$93.30
E0776-RR	IV pole. Rental per month.	Y	9.33
	1 unit = 1 month		

Infusion Pumps

- Bill only one type of infusion pump code, per month.
- MAA does not reimburse for a rental and a purchase of the same item simultaneously per client.
- Infusion pumps are considered purchased after 12 months' rental.
- Rent-to-purchase infusion pumps must be new equipment at beginning of rental period.
- Modifier is required when billing.
- Bill daily rate if rental is less than one month.

Purchase is limited to one pump, per client, per five years.

E0779 - NU	Ambulatory infusion pump, mechanical, reusable, for infusion 8 hours or greater. Purchase.	N	\$166.50
E0779 - RR	Ambulatory infusion pump, mechanical, reusable, for infusion 8 hours or greater. Rental per month.	N	16.65
E0780 - NU	Ambulatory infusion pump, mechanical, reusable, for infusion less than 8 hours. Purchase.	N	10.32
E0781 - NU	Ambulatory infusion pump, single or multiple channel, electric or battery operated, with administrative equipment, worn by patient. Purchase.	N	2,705.80
E0781 - RR	Ambulatory infusion pump, single or multiple channel, electric or battery operated, with administrative equipment, worn by patient. Rental per month.	N	263.56
E0791 - NU	Parenteral infusion pump, stationary, single or multi- channel. Purchase.	N	3,146.40
E0791 - RR	Parenteral infusion pump, stationary, single or multi- channel. Rental per month.	N	314.64

		NH	Maximum
Procedure Code	Description	Per Diem?	Allowable

Parenteral Nutrition Infusion Pumps

Purchase is limited to one pump, per client, per 5 years.

- MAA reimburses for only one type of parenteral nutrition pump, per month.
- MAA does not reimburse for a rental and a purchase of the same item simultaneously per client.
- Rent-to-purchase parenteral pumps must be new equipment at beginning of rental period.
- Parenteral Nutrition pumps are considered purchased after 12 months' rental.
- Modifier is required when billing.

B9004 - NU Parenteral nutrition infusion pump, portable. N \$2,238.01

	Purchase.		
B9004 - RR	Parenteral nutrition infusion pump, portable.	N	354.30
	Rental per month. 1 unit = 1 month		
B9006 - NU	Parenteral nutrition infusion pump, stationary.	N	2,238.01
	Purchase.		
B9006 - RR	Parenteral nutrition infusion pump, stationary.	N	354.30
	Rental per month. 1 unit = 1 month		

Parenteral Nutrition Solutions

When using half units of parenteral solutions, MAA will reimburse for 1 unit every other day, otherwise allowed once per day. In the event an odd number of days of therapy are delivered, you may round the last day of therapy to the closest unit. (Example: If you are delivering 250 ml of 50% dextrose for 21 consecutive days, you may bill for 11 units of parenteral solution.)

• Reimbursei	ment is limited to a one-month's supply.		
B4164	Parenteral nutrition solution; carbohydrates (dextrose), 50% or less (500 ml = 1 unit) home mix. Not allowed in combination with B4189, B4193, B4197, B4199, B5000, B5100, B5200.	N	\$15.08
B4168	Parenteral nutrition solution; amino acid, 3.5% (500 ml = 1 unit) home mix. <i>Not allowed in combination with B4189, B4193, B4197, B4199, B5000, B5100, B5200.</i>	N	21.96
B4172	Parenteral nutrition solution; amino acid, 5.5% through 7% (500 ml = 1 unit) – home mix. Not allowed in combination with B4189, B4193, B4197, B4199, B5000, B5100, B5200.	N	32.24
B4176	Parenteral nutrition solution; amino acid, 7% through 8.5% (500 ml = 1 unit) – home mix. Not allowed in combination with B4189, B4193, B4197, B4199, B5000, B5100, B5200.	N	42.51
B4178	Parenteral nutrition solution; amino acid greater than 8.5% (500 ml = 1 unit) - home mix. Not allowed in combination with B4189, B4193, B4197, B4199, B5000, B5100, B5200.	N	51.04

		NH	Maximum
Procedure Code	Description	Per Diem?	Allowable

Parenteral Nutrition Solutions (cont.)

Parenteral	Nutrition Solutions (cont.)						
B4180	Parenteral nutrition solution; carbohydrates (dextrose) greater than 50% (500 ml = 1 unit) = home mix. Not allowed in combination with B4189, B4193, B4197, B4199, B5000, B5100, B5200.	N	\$21.61				
B4184	Parenteral nutrition solution; lipids, 10% with administration set (500 ml = 1 unit)	N	70.86				
B4186	Parenteral nutrition solution; lipids, 20% with administration set (500 ml = 1 unit)	N	94.48				
B4189	Parenteral nutrition solution; compounded amino acid and carbohydrates with electrolytes, trace elements, and vitamins, including preparation, any strength, 10 to 51 grams of protein – premix.	N	157.66				
B4193	Parenteral nutrition solution; compounded amino acid and carbohydrates with electrolytes, trace elements, and vitamins, including preparation, any strength, 52 to 73 grams of protein – premix.	N	203.73				
B4197	Parenteral nutrition solution; compounded amino acid and carbohydrates with electrolytes, trace elements, and vitamins, including preparation, any strength, 74 to 100 grams of protein – premix.	N	248.02				
B4199	Parenteral nutrition solution; compounded amino acid and carbohydrates with electrolytes, trace elements, and vitamins, including preparation, any strength, over 100 grams of protein – premix.	N	283.42				
B4216	Parenteral nutrition; additives (vitamins, trace elements, heparin, electrolytes) – home mix, per day. <i>Not allowed in combination with B4189</i> , <i>B4193</i> , <i>B4197</i> , <i>B4199</i> , <i>B5000</i> , <i>B5100</i> , <i>B5200</i> .	N	6.85				
B5000	Parenteral nutrition solution; compounded amino acid and carbohydrates with electrolytes, trace elements, and vitamins, including preparation, any strength, renal – amirosyn RF, nephramine, renamine – premix.	N	10.54				
B5100	Parenteral nutrition solution; compounded amino acid and carbohydrates with electrolytes, trace elements, and vitamins, including preparation, any strength, hepatic – freamine HBC, hepatmine - premix.	N	4.12				
B5200	Parenteral nutrition solution; compounded amino acid and carbohydrates with electrolytes, trace elements, and vitamins, including preparation, any strength, stress - branch chain amino acids - premix.	N	3.82				

		NH	Maximum
Procedure Code	Description	Per Diem?	Allowable

Parenteral Nutrition Supplies

•	Parenteral Nutrition Care Kits are considered "all-inclusive" items necessary to administer therapy. Reimbursement is limited to a one-month's supply.			
	B4220	Parenteral nutrition supply kit; premix, per day. 1 unit = 1 day	N	\$7.10
	B4222	Parenteral nutrition supply kit; home mix, per day. 1 unit = 1 day.	N	8.75
	B4224	Parenteral nutrition administration kit, per day. 1 unit = 1 day. Not allowed in combination with B4222.	N	22.19

Insulin Infusion Pumps

Modifier is required when billing.				
E0784 - NU	External ambulatory infusion pump, insulin, includes	N	\$4,154.30	
	case. 1 per client, per 4 years. Purchase.			
E0784 - RR	External ambulatory infusion pump, insulin.	N	415.43	
	Rental per month. 1 unit = 1 month.			
	Maximum of 12 months' rental allowed.			

Insulin Infusion Supplies

	Reimbursement is limited to a one-month's supply.				
A4230	Infusion set for external insulin pump, non-needle cannula type. 1 box per client, per month.	N	\$204.64		
A4231	Infusion set for external insulin pump, needle type. 1 box per client, per month.	N	136.42		
A4232	Syringe with needle for external insulin pump, sterile, 3 cc. 1 box per client, per 2 months.	N	80.40		
A4632	Generic 1.5v battery such as Eveready to be used only for insulin pumps. 9 per client, per 3 months. Must bill using EPA code 870000859. See page D.2.	N	1.62 each		
A4632	Insulin infusion pump battery kit. Ten 3 volt silver oxide batteries. 1 per client, per 6 months. Must bill using EPA code 870000860. See page D.2.	N	91.50		

		NH	Maximum
Procedure Code	Description	Per Diem?	Allowable

Miscellaneous Infusion Supplies

• Reimburser	nent is limited to a one-month's supply.		
A4927	Gloves, nonsterile, per 100.	Y	\$12.00 Corrected 9/24/03
A4930	Gloves, sterile, per pair.	Y	0.77
E1399	Sharps disposal container for home use, up to 1 gallon size; each. Maximum of 2 allowed per client per month. Must bill using EPA code 870000855. See page D.2.	Y	3.84
E1340	Repair or nonroutine service, for durable medical equipment requiring the skill of a technician, labor component, per 15 minutes. Must submit invoice with claim.	N	17.43
E1399	Equipment repair, parts. Must bill using EPA code 870000857. See page D.2. Must submit invoice with claim.	N	B.R.
E1399	10 quart chemotherapy waste container. 1 per client per week. Must bill using EPA code 870000858. See page D.2. Must submit invoice with claim.	Y	7.18
B9999	No other code for parenteral supplies. Requires prior authorization. SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE.	N/A	B.R.

B.R. = **By Report**

Miscellaneous Parenteral Supply Procedure Code B9999

Miscellaneous procedure code B9999 requires prior authorization. In order to be reimbursed for B9999, you must **first** complete the attached DSHS 13-721 form and fax the form to MAA for review and approval. Keep a copy of your request in the client's file.

To download this form, go to: http://www.wa.gov/dshs/dshsforms/forms/eforms.html

Do not submit claims using HCPCS code B9999 until you have received an authorization number from MAA indicating that your bill has been reviewed and approved.

Include the following supporting documentation with your fax for approval:

- Agency name and provider number;
- Client PIC:
- Date of service:
- Name of primary piece of equipment and whether the equipment is rented or owned;
- Invoice;
- Prescription; and
- Explanation of client-specific medical necessity.

Make copies of the attached form and mail/fax to:

Medical Assistance Administration Home Infusion Therapy/Parenteral Nutrition Program PO Box 45506 Olympia, WA 98504-5506

FAX: (360) 586-1471

See Justification for Use of Miscellaneous Parenteral Supply Procedure Code (B9999) form [DSHS 13-721] on next page...

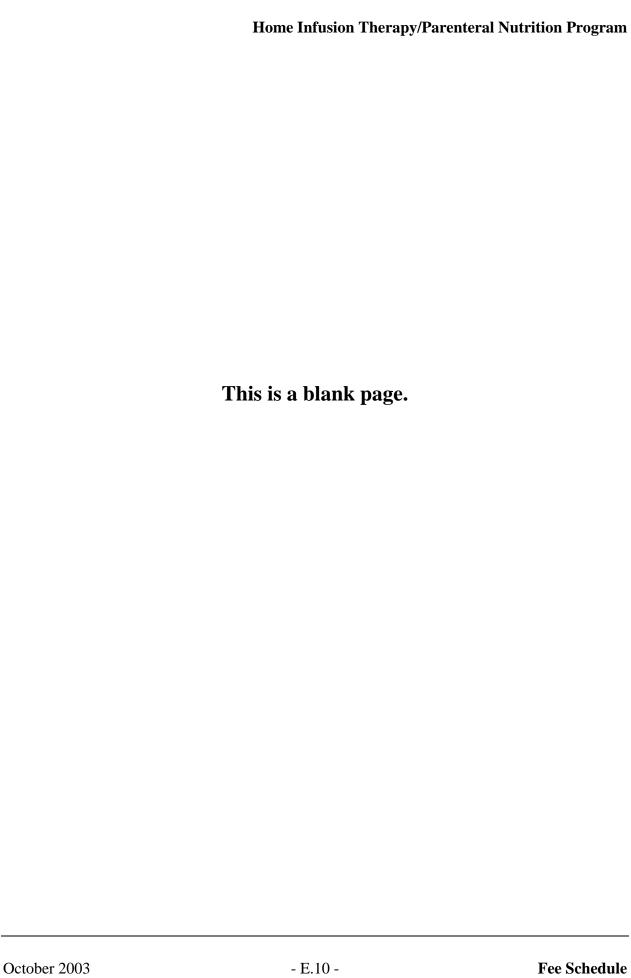


Medical Assistance Administration

JUSTIFICATION FOR USE OF MISCELLANEOUS PARENTERAL SUPPLY PROCEDURE CODE (B9999)

Fax this form, your invoice, and prescription for review to MAA, Attention: Home Infusion/Parenteral Nutrition, FAX (360) 586-1471, **prior to submitting your claim.**

AGENCY NAME				AGENCY PROVIDER	NUMBER
CLIENT NAME				CLIENT PIC NUMBER	
CLIENT DIAGNOSIS				MAA REVIEW NUMBE	R
DATE OF SERVICE		EQUIPMENT NAME			STATUS
					RENTED OWNED
	MEDICAL NECE	SSITY		UNITS REQUES	STED
DATE OF SERVICE		EQUIPMENT NAME			STATUS
					RENTED OWNED
	MEDICAL NECE	SSITY		UNITS REQUES	STED
DATE OF SERVICE		EQUIPMENT NAME			STATUS
					RENTED OWNED
	MEDICAL NECE	SSITY		UNITS REQUES	STED
DATE OF SERVICE		EQUIPMENT NAME			STATUS
					RENTED OWNED
MEDICAL NECESSITY UNITS REQUES					STED
		FOR MAA USE ONL)	,		
☐ Approved ☐ Denied Not Medically Necessary ☐ Alternate Code Suggested ☐ ☐ Part of Global Fee For				For	
DESCRIPTION					
PAYMENT PER UNIT	TOTAL PAYMENT	LOGGED DATE	Need	to establish code: YE	S NO



Billing

What is the time limit for billing? [Refer to WAC 388-502-0150]

- MAA requires providers to submit an initial claim, be assigned an internal control number (ICN), and adjust all claims in a timely manner. MAA has two timeliness standards: 1) for initial claims; and 2) for resubmitted claims.
- The provider must submit claims as described in MAA's billing instructions.
- MAA requires providers to obtain an ICN for an **initial claim** within 365 days from any of the following:
 - ✓ The date the provider furnishes the service to the eligible client;
 - ✓ The date a final fair hearing decision is entered that impacts the particular claim;
 - ✓ The date a court orders MAA to cover the services; or
 - ✓ The date DSHS certifies a client eligible under delayed¹ certification criteria.
- MAA may grant exceptions to the 365 day time limit for **initial claims** when billing delays are caused by either of the following:
 - ✓ DSHS certification of a client for a retroactive period; or
 - The provider proves to MAA's satisfaction that there are other extenuating circumstances.

Delayed Certification - According to WAC 388-500-0005, delayed certification means department approval of a person's eligibility for a covered service made after the established application processing time limits. If, due to delayed certification, the client becomes eligible for a covered service that has already been provided, the provider must not bill, demand, collect, or accept payment from the client or anyone on the client's behalf for the service; and must promptly refund the total payment received from the client or anyone acting on the client's behalf and then bill MAA for the service.

Eligibility Established After Date of Service but Within the Same Month - If the client becomes eligible for a covered service that has already been provided because the client applied to the department for medical services later in the same month the service was provided (and is made eligible from the first day of the month), the provider must not bill, demand, collect, or accept payment from the client or anyone acting on the client's behalf for the service; and must promptly refund the total payment received from the client or anyone acting on the client's behalf and then bill MAA for the service.

Retroactive Certification - According to WAC 388-500-0005, retroactive period means the three calendar months before the month of application (month in which client applied). If, due to retroactive certification, the client becomes eligible for a covered service that has already been provided, the provider must not bill, demand, collect, or accept payment from the client or anyone acting on the client's behalf for any unpaid charges for the service; and may refund any payment already received from the client or anyone acting on the client's behalf, and after refunding the payment, the provider may bill MAA for the service.

• Providers may **resubmit, modify, or adjust** any timely initial claim, <u>except</u> prescription drug claims, for a period of 36 months from the date of service. Prescription drug claims must be resubmitted, modified, or adjusted within 15 months from the date of service.

No.

Note: MAA does not accept any claim for resubmission, modification, or adjustment after the allotted time period listed above.

- The time-periods do not apply to overpayments that the provider must refund to DSHS. After the time-periods, a provider may not refund overpayments to MAA by claim adjustment. The provider must refund overpayments to MAA by a negotiable financial instrument such as a bank check.
- The provider, or any agent of the provider, must not bill a client or a client's estate when:
 - ✓ The provider fails to meet these listed requirements; and
 - ✓ MAA does not pay the claim.

What fee should I bill MAA for eligible clients?

Bill MAA your usual and customary fee.

Exception: If billing Medicare Part B crossover claims, bill the amount

submitted to Medicare.

How do I bill for services provided to Primary Care Case Management (PCCM) clients?

When billing for services provided to PCCM clients:

- Enter the referring physician or PCCM name in field 17 on the HCFA-1500 claim form; and
- Enter the seven-digit, MAA-assigned identification number of the PCCM who referred the client for the service(s). If the client is enrolled with a PCCM and the PCCM referral number is not in field 17a when you bill MAA, the claim will be denied.

How do I bill for clients who are eligible for Medicare and Medicaid?

If a client is eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid (otherwise known as "dual-eligible"), you must <u>first</u> submit a claim to Medicare and accept assignment within Medicare's time limitations. MAA may make an additional payment after Medicare reimburses you.

- If Medicare pays the claim, the provider must bill MAA within six months of the date Medicare processes the claim.
- If Medicare denies payment of the claim, MAA requires the provider to meet MAA's initial 365-day requirement for initial claim (see page K.1).
- Codes billed to MAA must match codes billed to Medicare when billed as a Medicare Part B crossover claim.

Medicare Part B

Benefits covered under Part B include: **Physician, outpatient hospital services, home health, durable medical equipment, and other medical services and supplies** not covered under Part A.

When the words "This information is being sent to either a private insurer or Medicaid fiscal agent," appear on your Medicare remittance notice, it means that your claim has been forwarded to MAA or a private insurer for deductible and/or coinsurance processing.

If you have received a payment or denial from Medicare, but it does not appear on your MAA Remittance and Status Report (RA) within 45 days from Medicare's statement date, you should bill MAA directly.

- If Medicare has made payment, and there is a balance due from MAA, you must submit a HCFA-1500 claim form (with the "XO" indicator in field 19). Bill only those lines Medicare paid. Do not submit paid lines with denied lines. This could cause a delay in payment or a denial.
- If Medicare denies services, but MAA covers them, you must bill on a HCFA-1500 claim form (without the "XO" indicator in field 19). Bill only those lines Medicare denied. Do not submit denied lines with paid lines. This could cause a delay in payment or a denial.

• If Medicare denies a service that requires prior authorization by MAA, MAA will waive the prior authorization requirement but will still require authorization. Authorization or denial of your request will be based upon medical necessity.

Note:

- Medicare/Medicaid billing claims must be received by MAA within six (6) months of the Medicare EOMB paid date.
- ✓ A Medicare Remittance Notice or EOMB must be attached to each claim.

Payment Methodology - Part B

- MMIS compares MAA's allowed amount to Medicare's allowed amount and selects the lesser of the two. (If there is no MAA allowed amount, MAA uses Medicare's allowed amount.)
- Medicare's payment is deducted from the amount selected above.
- If there is *no* balance due, the claim is denied because Medicare's payment exceeds MAA's allowable.
- If there *is* a balance due, payment is made towards the deductible and/or coinsurance up to MAA's maximum allowable.

MAA cannot make direct payments to clients to cover the deductible and/or coinsurance amount of Part B Medicare. MAA *can* pay these costs to the provider on behalf of the client when:

- 1) The provider <u>accepts</u> assignment; and
- 2) The total combined reimbursement to the provider from Medicare and Medicaid does not exceed Medicare or Medicaid's allowed amount, whichever is less.

Third-Party Liability

The Medical Assistance Administration (MAA) is required by federal regulation to determine the liability of third-party resources that are available to MAA clients. All resources available to the client that are applicable to the costs of medical care must be used. Once the applicable resources are applied, MAA may make payment on the balance if the third-party payment is less than the allowed amount.

To be eligible for MAA programs, a client must assign his/her insurance rights to the state in conformance with federal requirements.

It is the provider's responsibility to bill MAA appropriately after pursuing any potentially liable third-party resource when:

- Health insurance is indicated on the client's DSHS Medical ID card; or
- There is a possible casualty claim; or
- You believe insurance is available.

If you would like assistance in identifying an insurance carrier, call the Third-Party Resource Program at 1-800-562-6136, or refer to the TPL Carrier Code List on MAA's web site at http://maa.dshs.wa.gov.

Exception:

Due to federal requirements, the following services will <u>not</u> be denied for third-party coverage <u>unless</u> the TPL code is **HM**, **HI**, **or HO**:

- ✓ Outpatient preventative pediatric care;
- ✓ Outpatient maternity-related services; and
- Accident related claims, if the third party benefits are not available to pay the claims at the time they are filed, per 42 CFR 433.139(c).

Indicate all available insurance information on the claim form. MAA pays the claim and pursues the third-party insurance.

You must pursue collection from the subscriber when the client is not the subscriber and the insurance company makes a benefit payment to the subscriber. Under these circumstances, the client is under no obligation to pay unless he/she is the insurance subscriber.

Although the billing time limit for MAA is 365 days, an insurance carrier's time limit on billing allowances may be different. It is your responsibility to meet the insurance carrier's requirement relating to billing time limits prior to any payment by MAA.



Note: If you receive payment from MAA in excess of the amount due, you may refund the excess to the Office of Financial Recovery, or you may submit an adjustment request to MAA to withhold money from future checks. A copy of the appropriate MAA Remittance and Status Report showing the original payment and copy of the insurance EOB, if available, should be attached to either the check or the adjustment request, whenever possible.

Mail refund checks to:

OFFICE OF FINANCIAL RECOVERY - MED PO BOX 45862 **OLYMPIA WA 98504-5862**

What records must be kept in the client's file?

Specific to Home Infusion Therapy/Parenteral Nutrition Program [WAC 388-553-400]

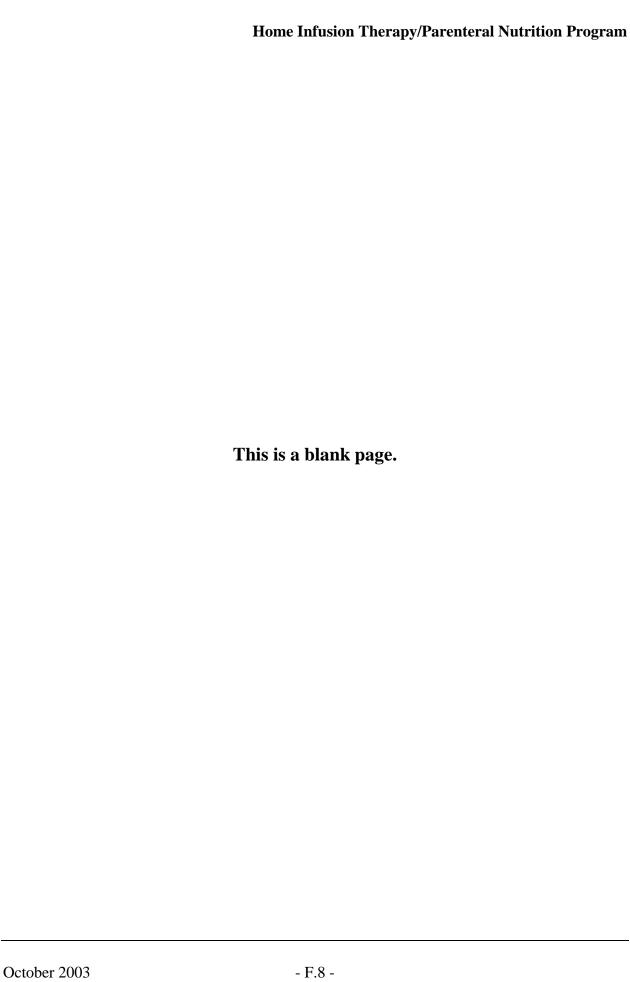
- For a client receiving infusion therapy, the file must contain:
 - ✓ A copy of the written prescription for the therapy;
 - The client's age, height, and weight;
 - The medical necessity for the specific home infusion service;
- For a client receiving parenteral nutrition, the file must contain:
 - All the information listed above:
 - Oral or enteral feeding trials and outcomes, if applicable;
 - Duration of gastrointestinal impairment; and
 - The monitoring and reviewing of the client's lab values:
 - At the initiation of therapy;
 - At least once per month; and
 - When the client and/or the client's lab results are unstable.

General for all providers [Refer to WAC 388-502-0020]

Enrolled providers must:

- Keep legible, accurate, and complete charts and records to justify the services provided to each client, including, but not limited to:
 - ✓ Patient's name and date of birth;
 - ✓ Dates of service(s);
 - ✓ Pertinent medical history;
 - ✓ Medications, equipment, and/or supplies prescribed or provided;
 - ✓ Description of treatment (when applicable);
 - ✓ Plan of treatment and/or care, and outcome; and
 - ✓ Specific claims and payments received for services.
- Assure charts are authenticated by the person who gave the order, provided the care, or
 performed the observation, examination, assessment, treatment or other service to which
 the entry pertains.
- Make charts and records available to DSHS, its contractors, and the US Department of Health and Human Services, upon their request, for at least six years from the date of service or more if required by federal or state law or regulation.

A provider may contact MAA with questions regarding its programs. However, MAA's response is based solely on the information provided to MAA's representative at the time of inquiry, and in no way exempts a provider from following the laws and rules that govern MAA's programs. (Refer to WAC 388-502-0020[2])



How to Complete the **HCFA-1500 Claim Form**

The HCFA-1500 (U2) (12-90) (Health Insurance Claim Form) is a universal claim form used by many agencies nationwide; a number of the fields on the form do not apply when billing the Medical Assistance Administration (MAA). Some field titles may not reflect their usage for this claim type. The numbered boxes on the claim form are referred to as fields.

Guidelines/Instructions:

- mportant! Use only the original preprinted red and white HCFA-1500 claim forms (version 12/90 or later, preferably on 20# paper). This form is designed specifically for optical character recognition (OCR) systems. The scanner cannot read black and white (copied, carbon, or laserprinter generated) HCFA-1500 claim forms.
 - Do not use red ink pens, highlighters, "post-it notes," stickers, correction fluid or tape anywhere on the claim form or backup documentation. The red ink and/or highlighter will not be picked up in the scanning process. Vital data will not be recognized. Do not write or use stamps or stickers that say, "REBILL," "TRACER," or "SECOND SUBMISSION" on claim form.
 - Use standard typewritten fonts that are 10 c.p.i (characters per inch). Do not mix character fonts on the same claim form. Do not use italics or script.
 - Use upper case (capital letters) for all alpha characters.
 - Use black printer ribbon, ink-jet, or laser printer cartridges. Make sure ink is not faded or too light!
 - Ensure all the claim information is entirely contained within the proper field on the claim form and on the same horizontal plane. Misaligned data will delay processing and may even be missed.
 - Place only six detail lines on each claim form. MAA does not accept "continued" claim forms. If more than six detail lines are needed, use additional claim forms.
 - Show the total amount for each claim form separately. Do not indicate the entire total (for all claims) on the last claim form; total each claim form.

Field Description/Instructions for Completion

- 1a. Insured's ID No.: Required.
 Enter the Patient Identification Code
 (PIC) an alphanumeric code
 assigned to each Medical Assistance
 client exactly as shown on the
 DSHS Medical ID card consisting of
 the client's:
 - First and middle initials (a dash
 [-] must be used if the middle initial is not available).
 - Six-digit birthdate, consisting of *numerals only* (MMDDYY).
 - First five letters of the last name.
 If there are fewer than five letters in the last name, leave spaces for the remainder <u>before</u> adding the tiebreaker.
 - An alpha or numeric character (tiebreaker).

For example:

- ➤ Mary C. Johnson's PIC looks like this: MC010667JOHNSB.
- ➤ John Lee's PIC needs two spaces to make up the last name, does not have a middle initial and looks like this: J-100257LEE B
- 2. Patient's Name: Required. Enter the last name, first name, and middle initial of the MAA client (the receiver of the services for which you are billing).
- 3. Patient's Birthdate: Required. Enter the birthdate of the MAA client.

- 4. Insured's Name (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial): When applicable. If the client has health insurance through employment or another source (e.g., private insurance, Federal Health Insurance Benefits, CHAMPUS, or CHAMPVA), list the name of the insured here. Enter the name of the insured except when the insured and the client are the same then the word *Same* may be entered.
- 5. Patient's Address: Required. Enter the address of the MAA client who has received the services you are billing for (the person whose name is in *field 2*.)
- 9. Other Insured's Name: Secondary insurance. When applicable, enter the last name, first name, and middle initial of the insured. If the client has insurance secondary to the insurance listed in *field 11*, enter it here.
 - **9a.** Enter the other insured's policy or group number *and* his/her Social Security Number.
 - **9b.** Enter the other insured's date of birth.
 - **9c.** Enter the other insured's employer's name or school name.
 - 9d. Enter the insurance plan name or program name (e.g., the insured's health maintenance organization, private supplementary insurance).

Please note: DSHS, Welfare, Provider Services, EPSDT, First Steps, and Medicare, etc., are <u>inappropriate</u> entries for this field.

- 10. Is Patient's Condition Related To:
 Required. Check yes or no to
 indicate whether employment, auto
 accident or other accident
 involvement applies to one or more
 of the services described in field 24.
 Indicate the name of the coverage
 source in field 10d (L&I, name of
 insurance company, etc.).
- 11. Insured's Policy Group or FECA
 (Federal Employees Compensation
 Act) Number: Primary insurance.
 When applicable. This information
 applies to the insured person listed in
 field 4. Enter the insured's policy
 and/or group number and his/her
 social security number. The data in
 this field will indicate that the client
 has other insurance coverage and
 MAA pays as payer of last resort.
 - 11a. Insured's Date of Birth:
 Primary insurance. When applicable, enter the insured's birthdate, if different from *field 3*.
 - 11b. Employer's Name or School Name: Primary insurance. When applicable, enter the insured's employer's name or school name.
 - 11c. Insurance Plan Name or Program Name: Primary insurance. When applicable, show the insurance plan or program name to identify the primary insurance involved. (Note: This may or may not be associated with a group plan.)

- 11d. Is There Another Health
 Benefit Plan2: Required if
 the client has secondary
 insurance. Indicate yes or no.
 If yes, you should have
 completed fields 9a.-d. If the
 client has insurance, and even
 if you know the insurance
 will not cover the service you
 are billing, you must check
 yes. If 11d. is left blank, the
 claim may be processed and
 denied in error.
- 17. Name of Referring Physician or Other Source: When applicable, enter the primary physician.
 - 17a. ID Number of Referring
 Physician: When applicable,
 enter the 7-digit MAAassigned primary physician
 number.
- 19. Reserved for Local Use: When applicable, enter indicator **B** to indicate *Baby on Parent's PIC*. Please specify twin A or B, triplet A, B, or C here. If you have more than one EPA number to bill, place both numbers here.
- **21.** Diagnosis or Nature of Illness or Injury: When applicable, enter the appropriate diagnosis code(s) in areas 1, 2, 3, and 4.
- 22. Medicaid Resubmission: When applicable. If this billing is being submitted beyond the 365-day billing time limit, enter the ICN that verifies that your claim was originally submitted within the time limit. (The ICN number is the *claim number* listed on the *Remittance and Status Report*.)

23. Prior Authorization Number:

When applicable. If the service or equipment you are billing requires authorization, enter the 9-digit number assigned to you. Only one authorization number is allowed per claim.

24. Enter only one (1) procedure code per detail line (fields 24A - 24K).

If you need to bill more than six (6) lines per claim, please use an additional HCFA-1500 claim form.

24A. <u>Date(s) of Service</u>:

Required. Enter the "from" and "to" dates using all six digits for each date. Enter the month, day, and year of service numerically (e.g., October 8, 2003 = 100803).

24B. Place of Service: Required. Enter the following code:

Code To Be Used For 12 Client's residence 32 Nursing facility (formerly ICF) Nursing facility 31 (formerly SNF) 33 Custodial care facility End Stage Renal 65 Disease Treatment **Facility**

24D. <u>Procedures, Services or Supplies CPT/HCPCS</u>:

enter a modifier.

Required. Enter the appropriate Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) or HCFA Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) procedure code for the services being billed. **Modifier**: When appropriate

24E. Diagnosis Code: Required. Enter the ICD-9-CM diagnosis code related to the procedure or service being billed (for each item listed in 24D). A diagnosis code is required for each service or line billed. Enter the code exactly as shown in ICD-9-CM current volume.

24F. \$Charges: Required. Enter your usual and customary charge for the service performed. If more than one unit is being billed, the charge shown must be for the total of the units billed. Do not include dollar signs or decimals in this field. Do not add sales tax. Sales tax is automatically calculated by the system and included with your remittance amount.

24G. Days or Units: Required. Enter the total number of days or units (up to 99,999) for each line. These figures must be whole units.

25. <u>Federal Tax ID Number</u>: Leave this field blank.

- 26. Your Patient's Account No.: Not required. Enter an alphanumeric ID number, i.e., a medical record number or patient account number. This number will be printed on your Remittance and Status Report under the heading Patient Account Number.
- **28.** <u>Total Charge</u>: Required. Enter the sum of your charges. Do not use dollar signs or decimals in this field.
- 29. Amount Paid: If you receive an insurance payment or client-paid amount, show the amount here, and attach a copy of the insurance EOB. If payment is received from source(s) other than insurance, specify the source in *field 10d*. Do not use dollar signs or decimals in this field. Do not put a Medicare payment in this field.
- **Balance Due**: Required. Enter balance due. Enter total charges minus any amount(s) in *field 29*. Do not use dollar signs or decimals in this field.
- 33. Physician's, Supplier's Billing
 Name, Address, Zip Code And
 Phone #: Required. Put the Name,
 Address, and Phone # on all claim
 forms.

P.I.N.: This is the seven-digit number assigned to you by MAA for:

- A) An individual practitioner (solo practice); **or**
- B) An identification number for individuals only when they are part of a group practice (see below).